To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: It seems as if the Republicans in Con gress (or some of them) were devising ways and means for destroying the Republican party and turning the country over to the tender mercies of the Democrats, anti-imperialists and free traders. Those who oppose the President in his policy to treat Cuba honestly and in fulsiment of our pledges do not seem to appreciate that a violation of our solemn obligations to Cubs. a failure to open our markets to her prodnets, will as certainly send a strong Democratic Congress to Washington next November as the gun is sure to rise to-morrow. The people of this nation have a deep sense of honor in this matter, and woe be to the party that undertakes to sacrifice the good name and the sense of

The Republican party has never yet falled in its duty either to the nation or to its own pledges, but if a certain class of politicians have their way there is great danger that the party will take a fatal step at this crucial mome

On the other hand, the Republican party has never deserted the interests of American labor and industries Our sugar industries are among the most important that now require the nation's fostering care. The beet fields especially demand protection. There can be no sacrifice of these great and widespread interests, no abandonment of the protection essential to building them up, without immense injury to vested interests-labor and capital. To sacriwould alienate the Republican voters of the Middle and Western States, and would surely throw the next Congress into the hands of the Democratic party, with all its disorganizing and paralyzing policies.

So we are confronted with a complex condition. We are between Scylla and Charybdisif we do not deal honestly with Cuba the Republican party goes to pieces; if we do not protect west American industries and interests, the party goes to pieces. There is no dodging these conclusions. The people cannot be deceived, nor cajoled nor hoodwinked. There will be rush of Republican voters to the Democrats if we dishonor our pledges to Cuba. There will be a rush of Republican voters to the Democrats if we dishonor our record of protection to American industries. We must deal squarely with all, be fair and honest and keep our pledges both to our own people and to Cuba. How can this he done?

In 1890 the Republican party took the entire duty off sugar. As compensation to American sugar raisers Congress gave them a bounty of two cents a pound on all sugar testing not less than 90 degrees, and one and three-quarter cents on all sugars testing not less than 80 degrees, Dutch standard. In 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895 the United States Treasury paid more than \$36,000,000 in bounties to the sugar producers of the United States-cane, beet, sorghum and During this time, under the Harrison administration, the country enjoyed magnificent prosperity, and the bounty tax was never a burden. These millions went out to pay American labor through wast areas from Louisiana to California, and percolated through every industrial channel throughout our broad land. It was a grand success, and gave tremendous impetus to our sugar industries in spite of free sugar from all the world.

The same door opens to the Republican party to-day, and by it the party can escape perdition Let Congress reduce the tariff on Cuban sugar to 50 per cent of the Dingley rate (not a pairry 20 | Lieutenant Commander ROBERT M. G. BROWN, re-tired, to be a commander on the retired list. per cent, as contemplated), and require a reciprocal reduction of 50 per cent on all American goods going to Cuba. The result would be the cheapening of sugar in the United States to every family, and an instant impetus to the prosperity and purchasing capacity of Cuba-The money which our Treasury would lose by a reduced tariff would come home to our people from Cuba a hundredfold by their increased orders. Make Cuba rich and prosperous, and their wealth would overflow into our laps. We should make them happy and prosperous, and they, in turn, would help make and keep us rich, and the nation would be respected and honored. We should keep Republican faith and the Republican votes that we shall certainly lose if we fail in our sacred obligations to our insular

what? Give to our sugar producers a Republican protectionists in the ranks, assuring a Republican Congress to follow the present one and a Republican President elected in 1904. sugar interests; shall have kept our

suring a Republican Congress to follow the present one and a Republican President elected in 1804.

Bow much would such bounties draw from the Treasury of the United States? In 1801 the total sugar crop (known and estimated), cane and beet, aggregated \$72.194.400 pounds. At one cent a pound (making no deduction for the three-quarter cent grade) the annual bounty would be \$8.721.044, which would be a small sum to pay for the continuance of Republican rule in this nation, Republican prosperity. Republican honor and good faith, and Republican administration in the Philippines. Porto Rico and elsewhere. It would be a small sum to pay for Republican harmony, which for the next few years will be absolutely essential to the well being not only of our outlying dependencies, but to the very nation itself. Better let all river and harbor appropriations and all public buildings appropriations go to the dogs, if need be, and provide bounties for sugar: rather than suffer the evils which would inevitably flow from a disruption of the Republican party.

Our duty to Cuba rises paramount to every consideration of economy. Our duty to American Industries and American labor is an irrevocable obligation which cannot honorably be waived. Harmony and protection are life to the nation. The destruction of the Republican party would be a national calamity, well nigh as appailing and rulnous as the late Civil War.

The restoration of the Democratic party to power means a recrudescence of the Philippine rebellion and the expenditure of additional millions for its suppression. It means the undoing of all the progress that has been made in those islands in education, civilization and social order. It means the paralysis of trade and commerce at home and abroad. It means a reproduction of the horrors and retroactionary policies of the last Cleveland administration.

The cost of the mistake of returning the Democratic party to power would a hundredfold exceed the \$8,000.000 a year required for sugar bounties. Will the present Congress be so

MANY BEQUESTS A SURPRISE.

NEW-JERSEY MAN, NOT SUPPOSED TO BE

WEALTHY, LEAVES \$30,000.

Caps May, N. J., March 15 (Special).-Justis Br Il Crandol, of Seaville, N. J., died about two weeks

10, and yesterday his will was filed here. He

11 has not supposed to be wealthy, but left about

12 has not supposed to be wealthy. He left no widow

13 has not supposed to be wealthy. Some to friends and institutions. He let a friends and institutions were Hahne mann Medical College and Hospital, Philadelphia 1999; Women's Hospital, Philadelphia, 5.000; Glo Ladies Home, Onedia, N. Y. 5.000; Home for Destitate Children, Petersboro, N. Y. 5.000; Methodist Episcopal Church, Sea Isle City, N. J., 51,000; Methodist Episcopal Church, Seaville, N. J., 51,000, and Calvary Baptist Church, Seaville, N. J., 51,000.

PRIZE AWARDED FOR A POEM.

Baltimore, March 15 -The prize offered for the best poem to be set to music and sung at the meet-ing of the Northeastern Sängerbund, to be held in has city in June, 1902, was to-day awarded to the new, A. W. Hildebrandt, of Constablesville, N. Y. The poem was entitled. "Das Deutsche Volkslied" the German folksong) and was declared by the lidges to be of rare beauty. Another prize will be derived to composers for the best music to which it shall be set, and the society singing the joint production in the best manner will receive the laiser prize at the Sangerfest.

ITALYS GOVERNMENT MAINTAINED. Rome, March 15 .- The Chamber to-day consuded the discussion of the question of the Seneral policy of the government, and a vot southlence was adopted by 246 against 159.



RUSSO-GERMAN TREATY.

COMMERCIAL TREATY SAID TO HAVE BEEN LAW AND THEIR OWN IDEAS BLENDED DRAFTED.

London, March 16.-A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Central News says that M. de Witte, Minister of Finance, in conjunction with the German Ambassador, Count von Al vensleben, has completed the draft of a commercial treaty, the substance of which has al ready been approved by the government at

THE G. A. R. AND PENSIONS.

COMMITTEE CONFIDENT OF COMMISSIONER EVANS'S REMOVAL.

Washington, March 15 -A high official of the Grand Army of the Republic is authority for the statement that the Pension Committee appointed at the last annual encampment will submit its report to the President soon, and that they feel greatly encouraged as to the result. They are confident of Commissioner Evans's removal, al-though not immediately, and not in a way to hu-

NAVAL PROMOTIONS.

CAPTAIN A. B. CROWNINSHIELD NOMINATED TO BE REAR ADMIRAL.

Washington, March 15.-The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: NAVY

Captain ARENT SCHUYLER CROWNINSHIELD to

Captain Crowninshield is now chief of the Bureau of Navigation in the Navy Department, which gives him the rank of rear admiral while holding the place. He has been selected to command the European Squadron.

BANKERS WANT TO MAKE MONEY ORDERS.

PLAN TO TAKE BUSINESS FROM EXPRESS COM PANIES AND GOVERNMENT DISCUSSED.

Representatives of the Bankers' Money Order Association met yesterday afternoon at the Waldorf to discuss how best they could advance the sims of money orders. Those present were for the sreater part secretaries of the various State bankers' asciations. Twenty-six out of thirty-two States in meeting. Representatives of a number of local banks MAGISTRATE AND CAPTAIN SUED FOR participated. Instened to the discussion.

A New-York banker at the meeting explained the

objects of the association as follows:

objects of the association as follows:

About a year ago there began in the West a movement to get banks throughout the country to issue interchangeable money orders. A Western bank was made the clearing house for a group of Western banks, which at once indorsed the scheme to get a share of the profits which now go to express companies and the government. The movement has gradually crept eastward, and this meeting is the result. This money order which we propose to issue will be payable through a great clearing house in New-York City. At present no New-York banks are issuing these money orders. The plan is to have the Western National Bank act as the clearing house for the whole country. In each city where requested there will be established branch clearing houses.

The express companies now charge 30 cents for a money order for 100. The banks will probably issue money orders for one-third this amount. The scheme will have no effect on the regular custom of charging for the collection of out of town checks.

Another member present said that the associa-

Another member present said that the associa-

tion was heavily capitalized, and for that reason he thought the money orders issued by the banks

he thought the money orders issued by the banks belonging to it would be as negotiable as ordinary hills and notes, or as express company or government money orders.

Percival Kuhne, of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, is president of the organization, C. M. Wicker, of the Washington Savings Bank, New-York, and M. D. Thatcher, of Pueblo, Col., are vice-presidents, Frederick Sager, of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, is secretary, and Edwin Goodall, of New-York, is secretary, and Edwin Goodall, of New-York, is reasurer. The office of the association is at No. 11 William-st., in the Corn Exchange Bank Building.

KUBELIK AND PADEREWSKI'S PICTURE. Chicago, March 15 (Special) .- Jan Kubelik, the

young Bohemian violin virtuoso, gave an exhibition of hot temper at the Auditorium Annex to-day. Coming down the elevator he discovered a halftone picture of Paderewski, the pianist, hanging in nemian tore the lithograph from its fastenings and hemian tore the lithograph from its fastenings and rushed up to the cierk at the desk and demanded to know why he was insulted. The cierk mollified the frate violinist, for whose outburst his manager. Hugo Goelitz, made an apology. The incident today was the sequel to the one which occurred in Cleveland when Paderewski, discovering Kubelik's name in an advertisement in the programme, flew into a rage and was on the point of quitting his performance before it was half over.

LOUIS STERN'S ALBANIAN LOVING CUP.

A delegation from the board of governors of the Albany Society, of this city, surprised Louis Stern, who had been re-elected president, at his house. No. 992 Fifth-ave., last evening, by presenting to him a loving cup. The cup, which is silver and simple in design, is inscribed with the crest of the society, the monogram of the president and this legend. "The Board of Governors of the Al-bany Society of New-York to Louis Stern, presi-tent, in token of their esteem, March 15, 182" (Phese who presented one cup were Thomas Wilson, r. Professor George W. Kirchwey, Or. William Jeoghan, James Balley, Charles A. Peabody and Dr. M. J. Lewi.

"THE BELLE OF BROADWAY."

"The Belle of Broadway" is the title of a little musical piece which was produced last night, after the usual delays, in the Winter Garden of the New-York Theatre. Of course, any other name would have done as well for it, but, on the other hand, "The Belle of Broadway" does as well as any other name. It is needless to say that not much of the music will be heard twenty years from now, and that not much of the libretto is likely to be quoted at that period. But both will have their little day, beginning now, and will give some enjoyment before they cease and are forgotten. The scenery is bright, the costumes are gay and some of the faces are pretty. Alexander Clarke walked through an empty part with his usual appearance of wishing that he could get a chance to be funny. It is a pity that some man who is as funny a writer as Mr. Clarke is an actor does not write something in which Mr. Clarke can act. There was a large audience present, and it seemed to approve. It could be wished that there might be some law against imitations of Weber and Fields. A few dozen of them were all very well for a few years, but they are getting tiresome. hand, "The Belle of Broadway" does as well as Fields. A few dozen of them were all very tor a few years, but they are getting tiresome,

A COMPOSITE CEREMONY.

IN MARRIAGE OF DR. BURGHALL AND MISS HERRON.

The sister of Professor George D. Herron

those marriage, because of its unusual form of remonial, attracted attention some time ago, as married yesterday at noon in Metuchen, J., to the Rev. Dr. Henri Verner Burghall, the Rev. Dr. James G. Mason, rector of the Presbyterian Church of Metuchen, performing the ceremony, which, though not of the nature of Professor Herron's, had unusual features,

After the Wedding March and entry the cler gyman made the following address: "We are gathered to recognize and solemnize

the union of these two lives. We do not deem t needful to have a lengthened ceremony, for the blessing and perpetuity of this union is not dependent upon ceremony, but upon God and the union of their hearts."

Dr. Burghall and Miss Herron were then asked if they took each other to be "lawful and wedded" wife and husband.

"I then continued," said Dr. Mason, "as fol-"Inasmuch as these two hearts are united by

reciprocal love, and have taken each other is husband and wife, I, therefore, according o the laws of the State of New-Jersey, and in the name of God, announce them to be husand and wife. Amen." A benediction was then spoken

The wedding took place at the bride's home he only guests present other than the immeliate family being Dr. Mason and his wife.

Dr. Burghall is a practising physician and a lergyman. A Russian by birth, he made his home in Sweden until his literary, political and theological writings won for him the ill will of the government and finally exile to Finland, "in the hope," said Dr. Mason, "that Russia would the hope," said Dr. Mason, "that Russia would send him to Siberia. But he had influence with government circles in Finland and obtained Tassports to America."

He has been practising medicine in Manistee, Mich., for about ten years.

After the wedding breakfast Dr. and Mrs. Burghall left Metuchen on the Pennsylvania Railroad for a short trip. They intend to settle for the present in Columbus, Ohlo, where Dr. Burghard and America of a sanatorium.

hall will have charge of a sanatorium

HE MADE MR. CROKER "SORE."

\$250,000 DAMAGES FOR FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

and against Magistrate Henry A. Brann to recover \$100,000 damages for the same cause. Mr. Stein is \$100,000 damages for the same cause. Mr. Stein is leader of the Greater New-York Democracy in the XXIXth Assembly District, and has a law office at No. 36 Broadway. The trouble dates back to last October. During the last election campaign Mr. lay. From the Mississippi River to the Rocky Mountains October. During the last election campaign Mr. Stein had hung over the entrance to the headquarters of his organization a banner bearing the in-"Relegate Croker to Moat House, Wantage, Eng-

land, and devote his kingly existence to the throne of his dog kennels."

As the XXIXth Assembly District is Croker's home district, the banner was a constant eyesore to him. Mr. Stein received notice from a Tammany official warning him to remove the offensive ban-ner, as it had made the "big man sore." Stein said no heed to the threats, and consequently was arrested on a warrant issued by Magistrate Brann. The case was called seven times and postponed on account of the non-appearance of Police Captain Brown, who had preferred the charges against him and arrested him. Stein moved to have the case dismissed several times, but Magistrate Brann refused to consider it.

'As I saw that their scheme was to annoy me as much as possible," said Stein yesterday, "I grew tired of running back and forth. On February 5 I was notified that the case was up sgain for Feb-

was notified that the case was up again for February 25, at il o'ciock. I paid no attention to this. Magistrate Braim was not sitting in the Yorkvile court at this time, but, income that I had not appeared there as summoned, he called me up my telephonic and asked my reasons for not appearing. Finally ne toid me to appear on March a failing winch he would have me arrested.

On March 3 two detectives from the East Sixty-ninth-st, station, of which Capitain Brown is the chief, came up to my office and arrested me. I was taken over to the policy smallon and searched and placed in a damp cell, where I was obliged to remain for an nour. At the end of the hour I was brought up to Capitain Brown, who asked me if I preferred a streetcar to a pairol wagon in going to the police court, where an examination was to be had at I o'clock. I toid him to go the limit, and he was about to have me placed in a patrol wagon, when my countsel, Mr. Simpkins, came in and presented a writ of habeas capita, signed by Justice Gaynor, of the Sipreme Court in Kings County, commanding Brown to bring me to his court at 3 p. m. On the way over known tried to smooth things over by placing all the blame on Magistrate brann, and even tried to persuade us to drink with him, but this we of course criused.

Tustice Gaynor declared the whole proceeding an outrage, and had me released at once. Now it is my turn.

HOURS Morning. Night, Bar,

ST. PATRICK'S DAY CELEBRATION.

THE IRISH SOCIETIES TO HOLD BIG PARADE-CITY OFFICIALS TO PARTICIPATE.

St. Patrick's Day this year will be celebrated as it has not been celebrated for some years. The Irish societies and associations of this city are showing active interest, and the parade on Monday will be a big affair. The procession will start from Forty-second-st and Fifth-ave. at 2:30 p. m. and will march up the avenue to One-hundred-andtwenty-sixth-st., and from there to Sulzer's Har-lem River Park. Thomas Kelly will be gradi marshal, Patrick M. Burke first aid and Will Lynch second aid. Mayor Low. Police Commissioner Partridge, Borough President Cantor and several other city officials have accepted invita-

tions to ride in the parade.

Another indication of St. Patrick's Day is the increase of the mails from Ireland. For the last week the postoffice employes have been working overtime in getting through with the packages of damp earth directed to sons of old Echn in an parts of the country. Monday will find few of them without a place of the old sod to remind them of the home country.

OUTLOOK FOR A WET SUNDAY.

A FEW SPECIALLY WATCHED PRECINCTS LIKELY TO BE DRY.

Belief that the police captains were not ready make a "dry Sunday" in the city was expressed yesterday at the District Attorney's office. It is expected that the saloons will be open to-day, as they were last Sunday, except in a few precincts where the police captains have been warned that evidence against them was being secured by agents of the Society for the Prevention of Crime. In those recincts the saloonkeepers may have to take Some of them may be obliged to have the side doors guarded by trusted sentiness. The Raines law hotels will do business all day to-day, but the prietors may insist on the purchase of a sand-h with every glass of beer sold to strangers.

It was said yesterday that District Attorney the police in connection with the enforcement of county detectives going about the city to-day king observations and collecting information as the manner in which the police in some pre-cts enforce the law, or fail to enforce it, but

HIS TAX CERTIFICATE FORFEITED.

he liquor tax certificate issued to Albert W. Robins for premises at No. 161 East One-hundred-at twenty-fifth-st, has been surrendered. Two of Roboins's waiters and his manager were convicted in the Court of Special Sessions of violating the Liquor Tax law. The certificate was therefore for-feired.

FUNERAL OF BISHOP SPALDING.

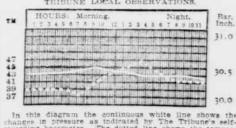
Denver, March 15.-The body of the late Bishop arrived here to-day and was escorted by the clergy from the station to the cathedral. At 10 o'clock Leonard, of Salt Lake: Kendrick, of New-Mexico and Arizona; Millspaugh, of Kansas, and Williams,

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Ex-Assemblyman Myer J. Stein has brought suit in the Supreme Court against Police Captain Strain the Supreme Court against Police Captain Strain the Supreme Court against Police Captain Strain and against Magistrate Henry A. Brann to recover and second for the state of the state of

temperatures have fallen decidedly, with a severe cold wave and snow in the Northwest, the line of zero temare and show in the Sorthwest, the line of serio tem-erature extending into Eastern South Dakota. West of ite Rocky Mountains rain and snow have continued, except in the south district, with somewhat higher temperatures. During Sunday the cold wave will extend into the Upper Mississippi Valley and western upper lake region, and on Monday the falling temperature area will extend through

frotably New-England. In the Northwest and Middle West cold weather will continue. There will be rain Sunday from the middle Mississippi Valley eastward throughout New-England, rain and snow in the upper take region and snow in Missourt and Nebraska. On Monday the weather will be fair ex-



In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temper-ature as recorded at Perry's Pharmocy. The following official record from the Weather Bureau

shows the changes in the temperature for the last

twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresp

5:00 s. m. 39 - 4:00 p. m. 6:00 s. m. 38 37 6:00 s. m. 7:30 s. m. 38 37 6:00 s. m. 7:30 s. m. 37 - 9:00 p. m. 9:00 s. m. 39 28 11:00 p. m. 12:00 m. 42 38 12:00 p. m. Highest temperature yesterday, 48 degrees; lowest, 37; average, 41; average temperature for corresponding date last year, 37; average temperature for corresponding date last twenty-five years, 25; Local forecast. Rain Sunday; light southeast to south winds. Monday, partly cloudy and college.

THE PASSING THRONG.

The Rev. C. E. Fillingham, of Hertfordshire, England, is a pro-Boer, and has come to this PROPHE-

country to arouse pro-Boer senti-ment. He is at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where he said the other day: "I thought at first of going to the President, but I decided that PRO-BOER. that was rather useless, for, however the Presiden

may feel in his heart—and I am sure that his heart is in the right place—yet he is not himself free to act as he wishes. Instead, I shall try to arouse the common people to a sense of the injustice of this war, to the horror of all war—in short, to create a public spirit that will force itself upon the people's representatives in Congress and cause this war, to the horror of all war-in solve upon create a public spirit that will force itself upon the people's representatives in Congress and cause some action to be taken looking to a stop to the war in South Africa. Of course I do not claim to be a prophet, but it seems to me that this war marks a long step downward in the career of the British Empire. I cannot but feel that such a hatred of England is being bred by it in South Africa that even if the war is settled in favor of England, stoner or inter all South Africa will revolt. All empires have their day, but in the end they are destroyed. England may hold her supremacy for a century yet, but the end of her dominion will come, too, and this war, to my mind, may well mark the beginning of the end."

Essex County, Mass., by the appointment of Representative Moody to the Cabinet, AFTER REP- has stirred up more than one bee RESENTA-In more than one bonnet till it is TIVE said that a buzzing may be heard inside the tilted tile of "Honest PLACE. John" Hurley, Mayor of Salem "Of course, there are but two can-

"Of course, there are but two candidates seriously in the race, so it seems at the present time," said C. S. Catlin, of Lynn, at the Manhattan Hotel last night, "and they are Captain A. P. Gardner, son-in-law of Senator Lodge, and George von L. Meyer, United States Ambassador to Italy. The former has come home from Alken, S. C., and will remain in the fight and on the ground till the election, so he says, and the latter is expected home in a short time from Italy, and has already cabled to his friends to look out for his interests. But others are mentioned as candidates. Both these men are society leaders, and a third possible candidate is Colonel William D. Schier, also a Boston society leader, whose residence is in Beverly. Now, in sharp cohtrast to these men, comes Mayor Hurley of Salem, announcing that he, too, is a candidate for the vacant position. It was reported that he offered to bet \$1.000 that he would secure the Salem delegation, but I see he denics that but says he will get the delegation just the same. The real fight, between Meyer and Gardner, promises to be a good one."

John Martin, of Xenia, Ohio, one of the well member of the State Canal Com-OHIO CANAL mission, was at the Victoria yes LEGIS- terday. He does not yield in loy alty to his State to anybody.

laws that are behind the times, and he does no favor the bill now pending in the legislature which matter of canals. Some of the present can not in good condition, it is true. But they be made so. Take the Ohio Canal, which be made into a great ship canal from Plyme Cincinnati. The trues pure waters of Lake Erie for many uses, and the cinnati itself, by the presence of such a canal could assume the position it is in every other way fitted for—one of the greatest manufacturing contres of that part of the country. It has could test at hand, it is in the right situation in relation to the South; there is no reason save the absence of a ship canal from the lake why it should not get much of the ore and a just snare of the business that is now sent to Cleveland and Pittsburg. The whole great central section of the State would be inestimably benefited by such a canal in hundreds of ways, besides. I am a firm believer in fine State roads, and all such institutions as make for the better welfare of the people and their towns. Ohio should, I believe, do its juty by its citizens in the matter of the Ohio Canal especially, and the others besides."

JUST REMEMBER. One matter not to forget to-day is to look over those "Little Ads. of the People."

SOUTHERN ELECTION INQUIRY.

Washington, March 15.-Speaker Henderson and his lieutenants of the House have decided Ti to report the Crumpacker resolution for the appointment by the Speaker of a committee of thirteen to investigate the election laws of the Southern States, and to determine whether the right of suffrage is abridged contrary to the provisions of the constitution. The resolution gives the committee the power to summon wit-nesses and send for persons and papers. The Committee on Rules will be called together next week to report formally this resolution.

THE ST. LOUIS ARRIVES.

The steamer St. Louis, of the American Line, arrived here several hours behind her usual time vas appointed two years ago.

ETRURIA'S PASSENGERS LEAVE AZORES. Horta, The Azores, March 15.—The steamer Elbe, left here this evening for Liverpool with the passengers of the Cunard steamer Etruria, which was towed in here with the loss of her propeller and rudder on March 9, while bound from New-York for Liverpool. All were well.

DIED.

Boote, Alfred.
Brockelmann, Fritz A.
Gray, Raymond.
Lewscoin, Leonard.
Reed, Julia V. K.
Tarbox, George W.
Telfair, Jacob R.
Williamson, Mary L.
Wright, Joseph B.
Young, Sarah J. G.

BOOTE—At Phonix, Ariz, on Monday, March 10, 1902.
Alfred Boots, Funeral service at his residence, No. 33
North Munn-ave, East Orange, N. J., Monday, March
17, 1902, at 4:30 p. m., train leaving Barrlay and Christopher-st. Ferry via Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, at 3:30 p. m. Interment at Greenwood on Tuesday. Kindly omit flowers.

BROCKELMANN-Suddenly, at Canton, China, March 13, Fritz A. Brockelmann.

GRAY-At Hudson, N. Y., March 15, 1802, Raymond, infant son of James Clark and Adelaide Gray Moore, and 2 months and 19 days. Funeral private on Mon-day afternoon, March 17. LEWISOHN—On March 5, 1902, in Lendon, Leonard Lewisehn. The funeral will take place from Temple Emanu-El Sth-ave, and 43d-st, at 10 a. m. prompt, Sunday, March 16, 1902. Kindly omit flowers.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the chrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New-York Orphan sylum, hold at the institution. Broadway and West 90th st., this 5th day of March, 1992, the following reso-tions were adouted:

Acylum, hold at the institution. Broadway and West 1991;—the hold at the institution. Broadway and West 1991;—the hold at the institution Broadway and West 1991;—the members of this Board of Directors learn with the deepest resret and the most profound sorrow of the dearth in London this morning of their honored colleague and treasurer. Mr. Leonard Lewisohn.

Mr. Lewisohn, almost from the first day he came to this city, was a liberal donor to all tix charities. All suffering and sorrow, without reference to the creed of the affected, appealed to him, and nothing made him happier than the fast that he had the ability to do his share toward a chilanthrousist of the most generous qualities.

Mr. Lewisohn was a stanch and devoted Israelite. He was a man of unblemished integrity and loyal citizen, and a bullanthrousist of the most generous qualities.

Mr. Lewisohn not only gave money liberally and freely to this institution, but also gave his time and coursel, and the same remarkable ability that made him such a marvellous success in the business are interest and real, and the same remarkable ability that made him such a marvellous success in the business and.

Therefore be it resolved. That by the death of our believed associate and friend, Leonard Lewisch, this institution, which cares for the orphan and descreted thin sellution, which cares for the orphan and estimated most active, intelligent and faithful workers, and that all one win has almost been a father to them, and that the ocean, have lost a great benefactor, that the community has lost a most important factor.

Be it further resolved. That the heartfelt condelence of this Board be extended to the sorrowing family and relatives of Mr. Lewisohn, and that the family and relatives of Mr. Lewisohn and that the family and relatives of Mr. Lewisohn and that the family and relatives of Mr. Lewisohn and that the family has been a father to them, and that the ocean, have lost a great benefactor, that the community has lost a most important factor.

Be it further

GUSTAVE ECKSTEIN, Hon. Scoretary, REED-Suddenly, at Rhineheck, N. Y., in the 78th year of her age, Julia Van Keuren, daughter of the late Garrett Van Keuren and widow of the late Thomas Reed, Notice of funeral hereafter.

Reed. Notice of internal stream of several years, borne with Christian patience and gentiences, George W. Tarbox died February 13, 1902, aged 75 years, for many years an old merchant of New-York. He was born at East Greenwich, R. L., son of the late Hiram Tarbox, of Brooklyn, Conn. He leaves a wife, two daughters and a son. Our loved one has passed away to his Heavenly home.

of Bronkish.

and a son. Our loved one nae parameters and a son. Heavenly home.

"We bent to-day o'er a coffined form,
And our tears feil softly down,
We looked our last on the dear face.
With its look of peace, its patient grace.
And hair like a silver crown.

Peaceful Siesp.

TELFAIR-Jacob R. Telfair, at his home, St. George, Staten Island, N. Y. March 15, 1802. Notice of funeral hervafter.

MILLIAMSON—On Saturday, March 18, 1902 Mary L. wife of the late James A. Williamson, in her Sith year. Funeral from the residence of her son, at Wyoming, N. J., Monday, March 17, upon the arrival of train leaving Barday or Christopher siz, ferry via Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, at 2.30 p. m. Interment at convenience of family. WRIGHT—At rest, after a linearing libras, in Trenton, N. J., Joseph B. Wright, in the S0th year of his age. Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 335 Bellevus-ave., Monday, March 17, at 12 o'clock noon. Interment at convenience of the family.

DIED

Greenwood Cemetery. Heautifully located Lot to the high ground; nea. entrance E. EDMUND MARKS

Special Nonces.

on and having a sma Personal .- Mrs Moll-

A.-Dr. Blinn, 185 West 17th Diseases of Women

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Postoffice Notice. Postoffice Notice.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested as changes may be preign mails for the week and ing March 22, 1962, will close (promptly in all cases at the General Postoffice as follows, Parcels Post Mails close one hour earlier than closing time shown below. Parcels Post mails for General Postoffice as follows, parcels Post mails for General time shown below. Parcels Post mails for General close at 5 m. Wednesday, per s. a Rhein. Regular and Supplementary mails close at Foreign Branch half hour laser han closing time shown below except that Supplementary Mails for Europe and Central America, via Colon, close one hour later at Foreign Branch.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS

HOUSE RULES COMMITTEE TO REPORT THE degns (mail must be directed "per s. s. Sar (RUMPACKER RESOLUTION.

TUESDAY—At 8.30 a. m. for Italy direct, per degns (mail must be directed "per s. s. Sar WEDNESDAY—At 8.30 a. m. for Entrope, per Louis, via Southampton; at 8.30 a. m. (ser)

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.
WEST INDIES, ETC.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

WEST INDIES ETC.

SUNDAY—At 6.30 p. m. for St. Pierre-Miquelon, per steamer from Halifax; at \$11.30 p. m. for Behamas, per steamer from Miami, Fls.

TUESDAY—At 0.30 a. m. supplementary 10.30 a. m.) for vontrai America (secept Costa Rica) and South Pacific Ports, per s. s. Advance, via Colon (mail for Guatemaia must be directed 'per s. s. Advance'); at 10 a. m. for Newfoundland direct, per s. s. Silvia; at 12.30 p. m. for Brazil, per s. s. Eastern Prince, via Permanduco and Santos (mail must be directed 'per s. s. Admiral Farragut, from Boston; at 111.30 p. m. for Brazil, per s. s. Admiral Santos (mail must be directed 'per s. s. Admiral Farragut, from Boston; at 111.30 p. m. for Bramas, per s. s. Admiral Schley, from Philadelphia.

THURSDAY—At S. a. m. for Caba, Yucatan, Campeche, Thom Philadelphia.

THURSDAY—At S. a. m. for Caba, Yucatan, Campeche, Caba, Thomason and Chiayas, per s. s. Esperanza (mail for other parts of Mexico must be directed 'per s. s. Esperanza'); at 9 a. m. for Brazil, per s. s. Wordsworth', frilday—At 10 a. m. for Brazil, per s. s. Wordsworth', frilday—At 10 a. m. for Hall, per s. s. Frins Wm. IV (mail for Curacao, Venezue'a, Trinidad, British and Dutch Guitana must be directed 'per s. s. Frins Wm. IV'; at 12 m. (supplementary 12.30 p. m.) for Bahamas and Santiago per s. s. Cairustrath, at 111.30 p. m. for Bahamas and Santiago per s. s. Cairustrath, at 111.30 p. m. for Bahamas and Santiago per s. s. Cairustrath, at 111.30 p. m. for Bahamas and Santiago per s. s. Cairustrath, at 111.30 p. m. for Bahamas and Santiago per s. s. Philadelphia'; at 12 m. for Arcentine, Uruguay and Faraguay, per s. s. Cairustrath, at 111.30 p. m. for Bahamas and Santiago, per s. s. Philadelphia'; at 9.30 a. m. (supplementary 10.30 a. m.) for Bahamas and Cartagena must be directed 'per s. s. Matanas', at 12 m. for Arcentine, Uruguay and Faraguay per s. s. Cairustrath, at 111.30 p. m. for Bahamas and Cartagena per s. s. Philadelphia'; at 9.30 a. m. (supplementary 10.30 a. m.)

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Swiney, and thence by stemmer, close at this office daily at 6.50 p. m. (connecting close here every Monday Wednesday) and Saturday). Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by stemmer, close at this office daily at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Florida, and thence by the connection of the connecting closes.

Mails for Hawaii, Japan, China and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 n. m. up to March 716, inclusive, for dispatch per a z. America Mails for China and Japan, via Vancouver, close here daily at 6:30 n. m. up to March 118, inclusive, for dispatch, our z. z. Emmess of India Orginsered mail must be directed via Vancouver. Merchandism for the T. S. Postal Assuny at Shanghal cannot be forwarded via Canada. and Janan, via Scattle, close here daily at 6:30 p. m. vo to March 19, inclusive, for dispatch per z. z. Tosa March 190, inclusive, for dispatch via Scattle.

Malls for Hawail, via Sun Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 p. m. up to March 124, inclusive, for dispatch per s. a. Alamonto.

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daily at 6:20 p. m. after Merch 515 and up to March 420, inclusive, for dispatch per a s. Acrangil.
Mails for Australia sevent West Australia, which is for-warded via Europea. New Zealand, Fill. Samoa and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:20 p. m. after March 30 and up to April 13, inclusive, or or arrival of s. S. Lacania, due as New-York April 15, for dispatch per s. s. Sierra.
Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:20 p. m. up to April 117, inclusive, for dispatch per s. a Australia.
Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of salling daily and the schedule of closing in arranget on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. tRegistered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

Postoffice, New-York, N. Y. March 14, 1302

Religions Notice.

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.—Sunday exercises at 11:18, at Carnegie Music Hall, 572 7th-ave. Sunday, March 16, Dr. ADLER will Subject: "The Evil of Child Labor, a Crime Agemanity." All interested are invited.

33 W. 42d. Tribune Subscription Rates.

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